



Roll No:

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

**BTECH**  
**(SEM II) THEORY EXAMINATION 2021-22**  
**ENGINEERING PHYSICS**

**Time: 3 Hours****Total Marks: 100****Notes:**

- Attempt all Sections and assume any missing data.
- Appropriate marks are allotted to each question, answer accordingly.

SECTION-A	Attempt All of the following Questions in brief	Marks(10X2=20)	CO
Q1(a)	What is frame of reference in motion?		1
Q1(b)	Show that massless particles can exist only if they move with the speed of light and their energy E and momentum p must have the relation $E= pc$ .		1
Q1(c)	In an electromagnetic wave, the electric and magnetic fields are 100V/m and 0.265A/m. What is the maximum energy flow		2
Q1(d)	Define the concept of Skin depth for high and low frequency waveforms.		2
Q1(e)	What is Compton effect and Compton shift?		3
Q1(f)	Why is black the best emitter?		3
Q1(g)	Why the center of Newton's ring in reflected system is dark?		4
Q1(h)	Explain Rayleigh's criterion of resolution.		4
Q1(i)	What do you mean by acceptance angle and cone for an optical fiber?		5
Q1(j)	Differentiate spontaneous emission and stimulated emission.		5

SECTION-B	Attempt ANY THREE of the following Questions	Marks(3X10=30)	CO
Q2(a)	What is special theory of relativity? Derive Lorentz transformation equation.		1
Q2(b)	Assuming that all the energy from a 1000 watt lamp is radiated uniformly; calculate the average values of the intensities of electric and magnetic fields of radiation at a distance of 2m from lamp.		2
Q2(c)	Calculate the energy difference between the ground state and the first excited state for an electron in a one-dimensional rigid box of length 25Å.		3
Q2(d)	Newton's rings are observed in reflected light of wavelength $5900\text{\AA}$ . The diameter of 10 <sup>th</sup> dark ring is 0.50cm. Find the radius of curvature of the lens.		4
Q2(e)	A step index fibre has $\mu_1 = 1.466$ and $\mu_2 = 1.46$ where $\mu_1$ and $\mu_2$ are refractive indices of core and cladding respectively. If the operating wavelength of the rays is $0.85 \mu\text{m}$ and the diameter of the core = $50 \mu\text{m}$ , calculate the cut-off parameter and the number of modes which the fibre will support.		5

SECTION-C	Attempt ANY ONE following Question	Marks (1X10=10)	CO
Q3(a)	What was the object of conducting Michelson-Morley experiment? Illustrate the experiment with proper diagram and necessary mathematical derivations. Also state the outcomes.		1
Q3(b)	Deduce Einstein's mass –energy relation $E= mc^2$ . Give some evidence showing its validity.		1

SECTION-C	Attempt ANY ONE following Question	Marks (1X10=10)	CO
Q4(a)	Deduce the Maxwell's equations for free space and prove that electromagnetic waves are transverse in nature.		2
Q4(b)	Define radiation pressure and momentum of electromagnetic wave. Also determine an expression for radiation pressure and momentum.		2



Roll No:

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

**BTECH**  
**(SEM II) THEORY EXAMINATION 2021-22**  
**ENGINEERING PHYSICS**

SECTION-C	Attempt ANY ONE following Question	Marks (1X10=10)	CO
Q5(a)	What is the physical significance of a wave function? Derive Schrodinger time independent wave equation.		3
Q5(b)	What is Compton effect? Deduce an expression for Compton shift.		3

SECTION-C	Attempt ANY ONE following Question	Marks (1X10=10)	CO
Q6(a)	What is Rayleigh criterion of resolution how one can increase the resolving power of a diffraction grating? Using Rayleigh criterion for just resolution show that the resolving power of grating is equal to $nN$ , where $n$ is the order of the spectrum, and $N$ is total no of lines on the grating.		4
Q6(b)	Discuss the phenomena of Fraunhofer diffraction at a single slit and show that the relative intensities of the successive maximum are nearly 1: $4/9\pi^2$ : $4/25\pi^2$ : $4/49\pi^2$ : .....		4

SECTION-C	Attempt ANY ONE following Question	Marks (1X10=10)	CO
Q7(a)	A silicon optical fibre with a core diameter large enough has a core refractive index of 1.50 and a cladding refractive index 1.47. Determine (i) the critical angle at the core cladding interface, (ii) the numerical aperture for the fibre (iii) the acceptance angle in air for the fibre.		5
Q7(b)	What do you mean by population inversion? Describe the principle and working of Ruby laser system with the help of neat diagram.		5